

Do Now

Factor each expression

$$1) \frac{x^3}{x^2} - \frac{3x^2}{x^2} \quad GCF = x^2$$

$$x^2(x - 3)$$

$$3) 7x^3(\underline{x - 5}) - 7x(\underline{x - 5})$$

$$(7x^3 - 7x)(x - 5)$$

GCF = 7x

$$7x(x^2 - 1)(x - 5)$$

$$2) \frac{-2x^3}{2x} - \frac{8x^2}{2x} + \frac{2x}{2x}$$

$$GCF = 2x$$

$$2x(-x^2 - 4x + 1)$$

OR

$$-2x(x^2 + 4x - 1)$$

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HW Answers

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1) $c(8c + 7)$

5) $6n(n^5 + 3n^3 - 4)$

2) $3n^2(n + 4)$

6) $5m^2(-m^2 - m + 1)$ OR

3) $3x(5x^4 - 6)$

-5m²(m² + m - 1)

4) $4(-2s^4 + 5t^3 - 7)$ OR

9) $(m + 5)(3m + 4)$

$-4(2s^4 - 5t^3 + 7)$

10) $(b - 3)(16b + 1)$

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Factor by Grouping

Use when a polynomial has **FOUR** terms and
NO COMMON GCF

- Group into two pairs of two terms → 2 binomials
- Factor out the GCF of each Group

- If terms have no GCF use 1 or -1 (if the lead coefficient is a negative number)

Factor out the common binomial factor

Rewrite your final answer as two binomials

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Factor by Grouping

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (a^3 + 3a^2) + (2a + 6) \\
 & \text{GCF: } a^2 \quad \cancel{a^2} \quad \cancel{a^2} \quad \frac{2}{2} \quad 2 \text{ GCF: } 2 \\
 & a^2(a+3) + 2(a+3) \\
 & \boxed{(a+3)(a^2+2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

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Factor by Grouping

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(\cancel{5x^3} - \cancel{5x^2} \right) \left(\cancel{-2x} + \cancel{2} \right) \quad \text{GCF} = 2 \\
 & \text{GCF} = 5x^2 \quad \text{GCF} = 2 \\
 & \cancel{5x^2}(x-1) \cancel{-2}(x-1) \\
 & (x-1)(5x^2-2)
 \end{aligned}$$

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3) $x^3 + 4x^2 + 8 + 2x$

$$(x^3 + 4x^2) + (2x + 8)$$

$$x^2(x+4) + 2(x+4)$$

$$(x^2+2)(x+4)$$

4) $w^3 - 2w^2 - 5w + 10$

$$w^2(w-2) - 5(w-2)$$

$$(w^2-5)(w-2)$$

OR

$$(w-2)(w^2-5)$$

5) $3b^3 + 2b^2 + 3b + 2$

$$(3b^3 + 3b) + (2b^2 + 2)$$

$$3b(b^2+1) + 2(b^2+1)$$

$$(3b+2)(b^2+1)$$

6) $15b^3 + 10b^2 - 3b - 2$

$$5b^2(3b+2) - 1(3b+2)$$

$$(5b^2-1)(3b+2)$$

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