

DO NOW

What is the slope of the line that passes through the points $(-3, 5)$ and $(3, -4)$?

x_1, y_1 x_2, y_2

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$m = \frac{-4 - 5}{3 - (-3)}$$

$$m = \frac{-9}{6} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

Jan 29-7:23 AM

Homework Answers

1) $y = \frac{3}{7}x + 2$

5) $y = 2x - 14$

2) $y = 2x - 3$

6) $y = \frac{3}{4}x + 9$

3) $y = \frac{-6}{7}x + 6$

7) $y = \frac{-2}{5}x - 4$

4) $y = \frac{4}{5}x + 12$

8) $y = \frac{3}{2}x - 3$

Oct 27-7:09 AM

Converting to Slope-Intercept Form

$$y = mx + b$$

m is the slope and b is the y-intercept

EX: Identify the slope and y-intercept of the line.

1) $y = x + 2$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$m = \frac{1}{1} \quad b = 2$$

2) $y = -2x$

$$m = -\frac{2}{1} \quad b = 0$$

3) $3y - 2x = -3$

$$\begin{array}{r} +2x \quad +2x \\ \hline 3y = 2x - 3 \\ \frac{3y}{3} = \frac{2x}{3} - \frac{3}{3} \\ y = \frac{2}{3}x - 1 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} m = \frac{2}{3} \\ b = -1 \end{array}$$

4) $6x - y = 5$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6x \quad -6x \\ \hline -y = -6x + 5 \\ \frac{-y}{-1} = \frac{-6x}{-1} + \frac{5}{-1} \\ y = 6x - 5 \end{array}$$

$$m = \frac{6}{1}$$

$$b = -5$$

Oct 30-7:38 AM

STEP 1:

Rewrite the equation in slope-intercept form.

$$y = mx + b$$

1) $y = 3x - 3$

$$m = \frac{3}{1} \quad \frac{\text{rise}}{\text{run}}$$

$$b = -3$$

STEP 2:

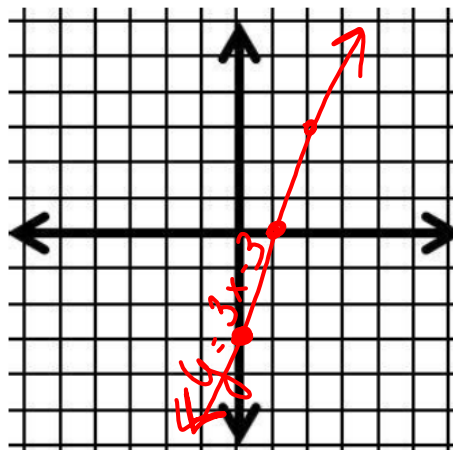
Identify the slope (m) & y-intercept (b).

STEP 3:

Plot the y-intercept (b).

STEP 4:

Use the slope (m) to plot additional points (starting from the y-intercept)



Oct 21-11:19 AM

STEP 1:
Rewrite the equation in slope-intercept form.
 $y = mx + b$

STEP 2:
Identify the slope (m) & y-intercept (b).

STEP 3:
Plot the y-intercept (b).

STEP 4:
Use the slope (m) to plot additional points (starting from the y-intercept)

2) $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 2$

$m = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $b = 2$

Oct 21-11:19 AM

STEP 1:
Rewrite the equation in slope-intercept form.
 $y = mx + b$

STEP 2:
Identify the slope (m) & y-intercept (b).

STEP 3:
Plot the y-intercept (b).

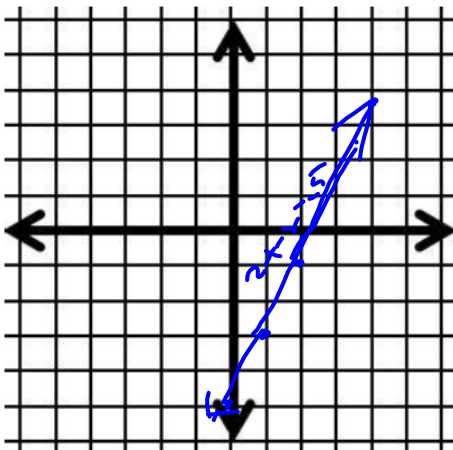
STEP 4:
Use the slope (m) to plot additional points (starting from the y-intercept)

3) $3y + 2x = 3$

$3y = -2x + 3$
 $y = -\frac{2}{3}x + 1$

$m = -\frac{2}{3}$
 $b = 1$

Apr 2-8:08 AM

<p>STEP 1: Rewrite the equation in slope-intercept form. $y = mx + b$</p>	<p>4) $2x - y = 5$ $-y = -2x + 5$ $\frac{-y}{-1} = \frac{-2x + 5}{-1}$ $y = 2x - 5$ $m = 2$ $b = -5$</p>	
<p>STEP 2: Identify the slope (m) & y-intercept (b).</p>		
<p>STEP 3: Plot the y-intercept (b).</p>		
<p>STEP 4: Use the slope (m) to plot additional points (starting from the y-intercept)</p>		

Apr 2-8:08 AM